

NO CHANGE MADE

President and Cabinet Think an Extra Session of Congress Unnecessary.

NO FRESH NEWS RECEIVED FROM CHINA

Some Doubt About the Report From Peking and Tien-Tsin Through Different Foreign Sources.

Preparations Being Made to Hasten Troops to China and to See That They Are Properly Cared For.

Washington, July 19.—Secretary Root and Adj. Gen. Corbin entertained the president at dinner at the Country club, near Washington. The other guests were all the members of the cabinet now in the city. Col. Webb Hayes, Wm. Barber, the president's nephew, and Hon. Chas. Dawes, comptroller of the currency. The affair was entirely of a social character. Such discussion of the Chinese situation as took place was informal, and it was stated by one of the members of the cabinet later that there was no change in the attitude of the administration regarding an extra session of congress from that determined upon at the cabinet meeting Tuesday.

Administration officials and others in Washington are suspicious of the statements contained in the Brussels dispatch saying that the members of the legations at Peking were in Prince Ching's palace. They hope it is accurate, but they are disposed to accept it, like much other information coming through Chinese sources, with a marked degree of reservation. If it is correct that they are safe in Prince Ching's palace, that is a cause for congratulation, for the prince is well known to be pro-foreign in his ideas, and his influence in Chinese affairs up to a recent period has been paramount. Recent information from China has been to the effect that he had organized a counter-revolution to that conducted by Prince Tuan and had engaged the rebellious forces in Peking. At one time he was at the head of the foreign office. A short while after the counter-revolution broke out the report came that Prince Ching had been killed.

The understanding of a well-known diplomat here is that the secretary of the Belgian legation in China, whom he knew very intimately, was at last accounts in Peking, which, in his mind, threw an additional element of doubt over the accuracy of the report coming from Brussels. At the same time it is admitted that he might have been at Shanghai on some business of the legation.

The statement that the legations had plenty of provisions on July 1 is at variance with that contained in a dispatch received at the Japanese legation here from Tokyo, transmitting a report from Baron Nishi, the Japanese minister at Peking, and of whose accuracy there seems to be no doubt. This said that the foreign ministers considered it impossible to procure provisions after that date.

Minister Wu is hopeful that the news is accurate, placing his reliance on the well-known influence of Prince Ching in Chinese affairs. He has visited the prince's palace in Peking, but without the aid of a map of the city was unable to definitely locate its strategic situation, if it possessed any. It is a large building and is surrounded by a wall, and he does not think it likely the rebels would have entered the place were the prince there.

WATER FOR TROOPS.

Sterilizing and Distilling Plant to Accompany the Soldiers to Be Sent to China.

Washington, July 19.—The quartermaster's department has made a requisition for something over \$14,000 for apparatus to supply the troops of the Chinese expedition pure drinking water. The department already has placed orders for sterilizers and distilling plants which will furnish 32,500 gallons of pure water a day. The sterilizing plants will make 25,000 gallons of potable water per day. These will be used inland, where foul water and suspicious well water is encountered.

The distilling plants will furnish 7,400 gallons a day, and can be used at need on the sea coast, where salt water will be rendered fit for drinking. This is the most expensive water purifying plant the United States ever has attempted to send with an army in the field. It is thought that, with the addition of boiling water on the portable cooking ranges, this will furnish an adequate supply for the whole army.

Killed His Wife While She Slept.

San Antonio, Tex., July 19.—While his wife slept with her babe in her arms, Ventura Ramos cleaved her skull with an ax and fled, leaving letters behind indicating his intention of committing suicide. The woman was found dead, with the babe crawling over her, its clothes soaked in blood. Four other children were sleeping on pallets near by.

Transport Thomas Reaches Manila.

Washington, July 19.—The adjutant general received a cable message from Gen. MacArthur announcing the arrival at Manila of the transport Thomas. This vessel left San Francisco on June 16 with seven officers and 23 men of the hospital corps and 300 recruits in command of Maj. Chas. A. Williams, of the 17th infantry.

DEATHS FROM HEAT.

Seventy Fatal Cases of Sunstroke in New York City—Prostrations and Deaths Elsewhere.

New York, July 19.—The hot weather caused or contributed toward the death of more than 70 persons in this city and vicinity. As many more stricken ones are in the hospitals, and some of them will succumb before many hours. More than half the fatalities were among babies and little children, and there are now about 40 bodies of the little ones lying at the morgue at Bellevue.

It was the third day of the spell of intense heat. On the streets the temperature ranged from 93 to 105, and the official record from the weather bureau, high above the ground, was 94 degrees.

Six Deaths in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, July 19.—The excessive heat caused the death of six persons in this city and two in Camden, N. J. Forty cases of prostration were treated at the hospitals. The condition of some of the patients is serious, and it is thought that other fatalities will result. According to the report of the local forecast office, it was the hottest day of the summer. The mercury rose to 98 degrees.

Cooler in Pittsburgh.

Pittsburgh, Pa., July 19.—The maximum temperature was only 85, yet two deaths and a number of prostrations are recorded as a result of the heat. The mills are running, but with a big handicap, many men refusing to run the risk.

Forty Prostrations in Boston.

Boston, July 19.—The hospital reports show that between 30 and 40 persons were prostrated by the heat in this city, three of whom have since died.

PHILIPPINE CASUALTIES.

Gen. MacArthur Reports the Deaths of a Number of Soldiers in His Command.

Washington, July 19.—Gen. MacArthur has cabled the war department the following list of deaths from battle and diseases in the Philippines, since last report:

Dysentery—Sergt. Earl H. Perk, Jerry Deaton, Hugh B. Dunne, Jas. E. McEntosh, Musician Thos. G. Willburn, Morris Gordon, Jos. M. Judy, Albert M. Seechols, Farrier Geo. Farrow, Wm. Burke, Harry W. Thomas, Chas. Miller, Thos. Sellers, Jos. B. Moller and John F. Young.

Endocarditis—Willis L. McFarland. Purpura Hemorrhage—Gustave D. Doble.

Typhoid Fever—Jos. Smith, Frederick S. Suter, Frank B. Burbanks and Wm. Dowell.

Variola—Louis Mitchell, Edward Rose, Albert Carter, Albert L. Brown and Vellie Knight.

Died from wounds received in action—William Murphy and Samuel Hardy.

Diarrhoea—Julius Johannsen and Geo. E. Manson.

Drowned—Geo. W. Robinson and Corp. Calvin H. Eoff.

Tuberculosis—Sergt. Maj. George Biens.

Typhlitis—Josh Lane.

Suicide (shot in the head)—Oliver E. Greene.

Injuries While Fighting—Elijah J. Webb.

Alcoholism—Edward Costello.

Phthisis—Alfred B. Congar.

Malaria Fever—Jas. McNeerney and Samuel G. Wilson.

Enterocolitis—Geo. W. Frey.

Cause Unreported—Jas. L. Williams, Wm. Fitzgerald, Ivan H. Mills and Corp. Ellis Guss.

Pericarditis—Jas. Patten.

Withdrawing Troops From Cuba.

Washington, July 19.—It was stated at the war department that the determination had been reached, in spite of Gen. Wood's expressed view on the subject of Cuban troops, to withdraw another regiment from the island for service in China, if need be. The regiment to be withdrawn has not yet been determined upon, but this will be decided in a short time. This will make four regiments withdrawn from Cuban service, and will reduce the force in the island to about 4,000 men.

Notice to the Notifiers.

Chicago, July 19.—Secretary Walsh, of the national democratic committee, at the request of Hon. James T. Richardson, gave the following official notice to the press: "The notification meeting to notify presidential and vice presidential candidates named by the Kansas City convention will be held at Indianapolis on August 8, 1900. All members of the two notification committees are requested to meet at the Grand hotel, Indianapolis, on the morning of that day."

Fight Contract Signed.

New York, July 19.—Billy Madden, representing Gus Ruhlin, and Percy Williams, looking after the interests of Bob Fitzsimmons, met and affixed their signatures to the Twentieth Century Athletic club's contract to fight on August 10 at Madison Square garden. They perfected all arrangements inside of ten minutes. Both Ruhlin and Fitzsimmons have started training for the contest, Fitzsimmons at Bergen Beach and Ruhlin at Bath Beach.

Suspicion of Yellow Fever.

New York, July 19.—A Syrian woman, one of the second-class passengers of the steamer Havana, who was detained on Hoffman island, died suddenly and the body was removed to Swinburne island for an autopsy. The autopsy shows suspicious indications that the woman died of yellow fever.

LACK OF HARMONY

Allied Forces in China Can Not Agree Upon Fighting the Chinese.

REBELLION CONTINUALLY EXTENDING

China Has Long Been Preparing a Formidable Military Organization For This Conflict.

Further Details of the Fighting at Tien-Tsin—Thirty Missionaries in the Province of Shan Tung Probably Massacred.

London, July 19.—While evidence accumulates daily that China has long been preparing a formidable military organization in anticipation of the present conflict, and that the area of rebellion is continually extending, harmony among the allies, which is necessary to meet such a grave situation, is still deplorably lacking. The Russians have refused Adm. Seymour's request to hand over the restored Taku-Tsin railway to the English company, and it is rumored that Germany purposes taking a serious independent step, namely, to patrol the Yang Tse Kiang with German men-of-war. Such a step would be greatly resented by England.

Still more alarming news has been conveyed to the Daily Express from Tokio to the effect that the apparent reluctance of Germany and Russia to consent to a Japanese army for the

declares that Kwan, the war god, desires the blood of foreigners, and threatens ten plagues if the Boxer tenets are not followed and spread.

The governors of the provinces of Hu Nan, Hu Pi and Ho Nan have now openly joined Prince Tuan and are marching overland with their armies to Peking.

A German relief column sent into the interior of the province of Shan Tung to endeavor to rescue a party of 30 missionaries—German, American and English—has returned without having obtained any tidings of their whereabouts, and it is feared that all have been slain.

BATTLE AT TIEN-TSIN.

A Delayed Dispatch Furnishes Some Additional Particulars of the Recent Fighting There.

Tien-Tsin, July 13, 7 p. m. (via Cheoo, July 16, and Shanghai, July 18).

The battle which was begun with the attack by 7,000 of the allied forces upon the walls of the native city at 2 o'clock this afternoon continued all day, two battalions of the 9th participating. It is reported that 215 of this command were killed and wounded, including 10 or 15 officers. Col. E. H. Liscum was killed, and Maj. Jesse M. Lee and James Reagan, Capt. Charles R. Noyes, Andrew Brewster and Edwin V. Bookmiller and First Lieuts. William K. Naylor, Louis B. Lawton, Harold Hammond and Ira C. Waldron were wounded. Among the United States marines the casualties numbered 40. Capt. Austin R. Davis was killed, and Capt. William B. Lemley and First Lieut. Henry Leonard and Smedley D. Butler were wounded.

The American contingent, after lying in shallow, hastily dug trenches, full of water, facing the south wall of

AMERICAN LADIES KILLED IN PEKING.



MRS. CONGER. (Wife of American Minister at Peking.)



MRS. HERBERT G. SQUIERS. (Wife of First Secretary of American Legation.)



MISS MARY CONGER PIERCE. (Niece of Minister Conger.)



MISS LAURA CONGER. (Daughter of U. S. Minister Conger.)

army corps has led the Japanese government to delay the forwarding of the divisions already mobilized.

The Standard, in an alarmist editorial, says: "It is useless any longer to hide from ourselves the fact that China has declared war on civilization and has plunged into the conflict with rabid frenzy. It is equally futile to discuss whether hostilities are being waged by the Chinese government, inasmuch as it is evident that an administration of some kind exists and is directing the anti-foreign movement. Unless unmistakable evidence exculpating the Peking government is promptly forthcoming, the powers should treat China as a belligerent state and act accordingly."

A similar line of comment is taken by the other morning papers. All applaud the course of Count von Buelow, German foreign secretary, in stopping epher telegrams from the Chinese legation in Berlin, and all urge the other powers to follow Germany's example.

The Russian general staff reports that the Chinese have captured Blagovetschensk, capital of the province of Amur, and it is reported from Irkutsk that the Russians have taken Aigun.

A special dispatch from Tien-Tsin distributes the number of those killed at the capture of the native city as follows: Russians, 100; Japanese, 57; British, 40, and Americans, 37. The correspondent who sends this asserts that thousands of Chinese were killed and that fighting was still going on when this message was sent in various parts of Tien-Tsin.

With reference to the rumors that Europeans were seen working the Chinese guns at Tien-Tsin, the Standard learns that eight Russian military instructors forcibly detained by the Chinese were compelled to work the guns. One escaped and reached the Russian lines with his hands bound.

The first Boxer proclamation has made its appearance in Shanghai. It

declares that Kwan, the war god, desires the blood of foreigners, and threatens ten plagues if the Boxer tenets are not followed and spread.

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ABREVIATED TELEGRAMS.

The gunboat Princeton has arrived at Swatow.

Capt. Charles F. Roe, U. S. A., retired, died at his home in Horseheads, N. Y., aged 70 years.

The democrats of the Seventh Georgia district renominated Hon. John W. Maddox for congress.

Creed Collins was nominated for congress by the democrats of the Fourth West Virginia district.

Geo. F. Burgess was nominated for congress by the democratic convention of the Tenth Texas district.

The steamer Michigan cleared from New Orleans for Cape Town, South Africa, with 1,000 mules for the British army.

Roman I. Jarvis, of Benton Harbor, was nominated for congress by the democrats of the Fourth Michigan congressional district.

S. B. Harrison, aged 60, died suddenly at his home in Morrisonville, Ill., of cholera morbus. He was a relative of former President Benj. Harrison.

The Mallory line steamship Colorado, which ran aground off Wolf island, outside the bar at Brunswick, Ga., Tuesday morning, has been floated. The damage is thought to be slight.

WEDNESDAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF.

Fifteen thousand Japanese troops have disembarked at Taku, China.

The Chinese fleet is concentrating in the China sea, and hostilities on the water are expected.

Consul Fowler, at Che-Foo, confirms the information that the foreign legations were safe July 9.

An appeal has been made to every Christian nation in the world to send a force to aid in the punishment of China.

An invasion of Siberia stirs the czar into aggressive action. Russia is displaying great activity on land and sea.

The remains of Col. Liscum, killed at the battle of Tien-Tsin, were interred at Tong Ku on the 17th inst. Lieut. Col. C. F. Robe, of the 17th infantry, now in the Philippines, will succeed Col. Liscum.

John A. Black, in the trial of Caleb Powers for complicity in the Goebel murder, testified that the defendant told him he was organizing an armed mob for the purpose of going to Frankfort to intimidate the legislature.

Prince Tuan has mobilized 950,000 Chinese soldiers, divided into different corps. The Peking corps is first to operate against Mukden and occupy the roads between Peking and Shan Hai Kuan, from whence a column will be sent to Wei Hai Wei and Tien-Tsin, while a fourth corps will concentrate at Nanking.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

New York and Brooklyn Won the Only Two Games That Were Played Yesterday.

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R. H. E.
New York. 1 4 0 0 0 2 0 3—10 13 5
Cincinnati. 2 1 1 0 1 0 3 0 1—9 13 6

Batteries—Hawley and Warner; Breitenstein, Scott and Wood. Umpire—Terry.

Innings. 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 R. H. E.
Brooklyn. 0 0 1 1 0 4 0 4 *—10 14 3
Boston. 0 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0—3 8 4

Batteries—Nops and Farrell; Dineen and Sullivan. Umpire—Swartwood.

How They Stand.

	Won.	Lost.	Pct.
Brooklyn	45	25	.643
Pittsburgh	49	33	.595
Chicago	37	34	.521
Philadelphia	37	34	.521
Cincinnati	35	37	.486
St. Louis	31	36	.461
Boston	31	38	.449
New York	24	43	.357

THE MARKETS.

Cincinnati, July 18.
FLOUR—Spring fancy, \$3.80@4; spring family, \$3.45@3.75; spring patent, \$4.25@4.5; winter fancy, \$3.75@4.00; winter family, \$3.10@3.50; winter patent, \$4.00@4.20; extra, \$2.40@2.55; low grade, \$2.05@2.20; north-western rye, \$3.10@3.25; do city, \$3.10@3.25.

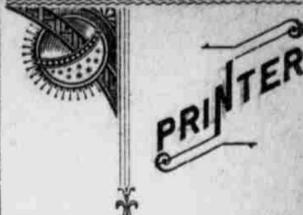
GRAIN.—Wheat: No. 2 red was quoted at 78¢ on track. Sales: No. 2 red, track, 79¢. Corn: Sales: No. 2 white, track, 44½¢; white ear, 41½¢; 1 ear hot white, 40½¢. Oats: No. 2 mixed quotable at 27¢.

LIVE STOCK.—Hogs: Select shippers, \$5.30; select butchers, \$5.20@5.30; fair to good packers, \$5.15@5.25; fair to good light, \$5.10@5.25; common and roughs, \$4.90@5.10. Cattle: Fair to good shippers, \$4.50@5.25; good to choice butchers, \$4.50@5.10; fair to medium butchers, \$3.75@4.25; common, \$3@3.65. Sheep: Extras, \$4.10@4.25; good to choice, \$3.60@4; common to fair, \$2.50@3.50. Lambs: Extras, \$5.30@6.40; good to choice, \$5.40@6.25; common to fair, \$4.25@5.25. Veal Calves: Fair to good light, \$3.25@3; Common and large, \$3@3.50.

Chicago, July 18.—Wheat: No. 2 red, 78¢@78½¢; No. 3 do, 75½¢@76½¢; No. 2 hard winter, 73½¢@73¾¢; No. 3 do, 72¾¢@73¾¢; No. 1 northern spring, 76½¢@76¾¢; No. 2 do, 75½¢@76¢; No. 3 spring, 71½¢@74½¢. Corn: No. 2, 40¢; No. 3 do, 39½¢@40¢. Oats: No. 2, 24¢; No. 3 do, 23½¢.

East Buffalo, July 18.—Cattle: 2 cars; market steady. Hogs: 15 cars; market opened slow and a shade lower; Yorkers, \$5.45@5.50; heavies, \$5.40@5.42½¢; pigs, \$5.60@5.65; market closed fairly steady; few unsold. Sheep: 1 car; no good stock here; market steady.

ALLEN A. EDMONDS,



10 East Third St., MAYSVILLE, KY.

Seasonable Drygoods.

Fancy and Staple.

Carpets, Oilcloths, Mattings.

Housekeeping Goods Generally Always in Stock.

GEO. COX & SON.

Established in 1819.

State National Bank, OF MAYSVILLE, KY.

Capital Stock, \$100,000
Surplus, 30,000

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SAMUEL M. HALL, President.
CHAS. D. PEARCE, Cashier. JAS. N. KIRK, Vice-Pres.

JOHN W. PORTER. J. H. CUMMINGS.

PORTER & CUMMINGS.

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Mrs. L. V. Davis, Millinery, Maysville, Ky.

RAILWAY TIMECARDS.



LEAVES. MAYSVILLE DIVISION. ARRIVES.
8:30 a.m. Maysville 9:45 a.m.
11:15 p.m. Maysville 8:30 p.m.

All trains daily except Sunday.

ARRIVALS AT MAYSVILLE.

Train	From	Arrives
No. 16	10:00 a.m.	10:00 a.m.
No. 2	1:30 p.m.	1:30 p.m.
No. 15	4:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.
No. 3	8:00 p.m.	8:00 p.m.
No. 4	10:40 p.m.	10:40 p.m.
No. 19	5:30 a.m.	5:30 a.m.
No. 1	8:20 a.m.	8:20 a.m.
No. 17	8:30 a.m.	8:30 a.m.
No. 8	4:20 p.m.	4:20 p.m.
No. 18	4:30 p.m.	4:30 p.m.

*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

FRANKFORD AND CINCINNATI RAILWAY.

From	Via	Arrives
Frankford	Frankford	Frankford
Cincinnati	Cincinnati	Cincinnati
Frankford	Frankford	Frankford
Cincinnati	Cincinnati	Cincinnati

VAN DERBILT SYSTEM.

CLEVELAND, CINCINNATI, CHICAGO and ST. LOUIS RAILWAY.

From	Arrives
8:30 a.m.	Chicago, St. Louis, Peoria
11:10 p.m.	Chicago Special
8:00 p.m.	St. Louis, Peoria
11:20 a.m.	Indianapolis
12:30 p.m.	Indianapolis

*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.

B. & O. S.W.R.Y.

From	Arrives
8:15 a.m.	Washington, Baltimore, New York
12:15 p.m.	Washington, Baltimore, New York

*Daily. *Daily except Sunday.